

IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Previously Presented) A laminated glazing material with properties of acoustic insulation and mechanical strength, said glazing material comprising two glass sheets and a single-ply intermediate layer abutting the two glass sheets, the intermediate layer being in the form of a polymeric film and having a thickness, wherein the thickness of the intermediate layer is equal to at least $d_{ref} J_{ref}/J_c$, where:

J_c is a critical energy value specific to a material of the intermediate layer and representative of an energy necessary for propagation of a crack initiated in the intermediate layer;

J_{ref} is a reference critical energy value which corresponds to a critical energy value of a polyvinyl butyral (PVB) film and is equal to $35,100 \text{ J/m}^2$ for a temperature of 20°C and for a drawing rate of 100 mm/min applied to the PVB film; and

d_{ref} is a reference thickness which corresponds to that of the PVB film and is equal to 0.38 mm .

2. (Original) The laminated glazing material according to Claim 1, wherein the intermediate layer satisfies acoustic property criteria defined by a bar of 9 cm length and 3 cm width, made of laminated glass comprising two glass sheets of 4 mm thickness joined by the intermediate layer having a thickness of 2 mm , has a critical frequency which differs at most by 35% from that of a glass bar having a same length, a same width and a thickness of 4 mm .

3. (Original) The laminated glazing material according to Claim 1, wherein the intermediate layer has a loss factor greater than 0.6 and a shear modulus of between 1×10^8 and $2 \times 10^7 \text{ N/m}^2$ in a temperature range of between 10 and 60°C and in a frequency range of

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between 50 and 10,000 Hz.

- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Canceled)
- 6. (Canceled)

7. (Previously Presented) A polymer film having a thickness for use as only one intermediate layer of a laminated glazing material, wherein the thickness is equal to at least $d_{ref} J_{ref}/J_c$, where:

J_c is a critical energy value specific to a material of the intermediate layer and representative of an energy necessary for propagation of a crack initiated in the intermediate layer;

J_{ref} is a reference critical energy value which corresponds to the critical energy value of a polyvinyl butyral (PVB) film and is equal to 35,100 J/m² for a temperature of 20°C and for a drawing rate of 100 mm/min applied to the PVB film; and

d_{ref} is a reference thickness which corresponds to that of the PVB film and is equal to 0.38 mm.

- 8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Canceled)

10. (New) The polymer film according to Claim 7, wherein the intermediate layer satisfies acoustic property criteria defined by a bar of 9 cm length and 3 cm width, made of laminated glass comprising two glass sheets of 4 mm thickness joined by the intermediate layer having a thickness of 2 mm, has a critical frequency which differs at most by 35% from that of a glass bar having a same length, a same width and a thickness of 4 mm.

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11. (New) The polymer film according to Claim 7, wherein the intermediate layer has a loss factor greater than 0.6 and a shear modulus of between 1×10^8 and 2×10^7 N/m² in a temperature range of between 10 and 60°C and in a frequency range of between 50 and 10,000 Hz.

12. (New) The laminated glazing material according to Claim 1, wherein the polymer film is a composite comprising a polymer and reinforcing fibers embedded in the polymer.

13. (New) The polymer film according to Claim 7, wherein the intermediate layer is a composite comprising a polymer and reinforcing fibers embedded in the polymer.
